



ENGLAND TAKES BELGIAN NEUTRALITY DECLARATION ON GERMAN

Caused by Germany's Summary Rejection of Request That Belgian Neutrality Should be Respected

ALL THE NATIONS OF EUROPE ARE NOW IN ARMS

Austria-Hungary and Germany are Opposed to Russia, France, Great Britain, Serbia and Montenegro—Japan is Making Ready to Live Up to Alliance With Great Britain in Case of Certain Eventualities—Italy Maintains Neutrality—Sweden Has Made No Answer to Inquiries from Russia and Germany—Belgium, Holland and Switzerland Have Been Mobilized.

London, Aug. 4.—Great Britain declared war on Germany tonight. The momentous decision of the British government, for which the whole world had been waiting, came before the expiration of the time limit set by Great Britain in her ultimatum to Germany demanding a satisfactory reply on the subject of Belgian neutrality.

Germany's reply was the summary rejection of the request that Belgian neutrality should be respected. The British foreign office has issued the following statement:

England Declaration of War.
"Owing to the summary rejection by the German government, in request made by His Britannic Majesty's government that the neutrality of Belgium should be respected, his Majesty's government has decided to go to war against Germany."

All Europe Now in Arms.
All Europe is now in arms. On the one hand, Austria-Hungary and Germany are opposed by Russia, France and Great Britain, Serbia and Montenegro.

Great Britain has declared her neutrality, but is mobilizing. Belgium, Holland and Switzerland have been mobilized. The German government should permit the free passage of German troops through Belgium territory.

Sweden to Defend Neutrality.
Sweden has made no answer to inquiries from Russia and Germany regarding her attitude, but is preparing to defend her neutrality.

Japan to Live Up to Alliance.
Japan is making ready to live up to her alliance with Great Britain in case of certain eventualities. Spain is reported to be preparing a proclamation of neutrality.

Austria-Hungary for the Moment Retained from her Campaign Against Serbia.
Austria-Hungary for the moment retained from her campaign against Serbia for the purpose of holding back Russia, Serbia and mobilized with the reported intention of invading Bosnia.

BRITISH SUBJECTS
TAKE WAR SERIOUSLY
Though a Few Hundred Youths March Through London Streets with Light Hearts.

London, Aug. 4.—A few hundred excited and clamorous youths, marching through that area of London which corresponds to the Broadway district of New York, Russia and American reporters to carry home reports that England is embarking upon war with a light heart and buoyant spirit. They know this country know that the extreme opposite is the truth.

Young Men Parade Streets.
The young men, who emulate the demonstrators of great cities, have been parading through the streets carrying the union jack and tri-color with vociferous cheering. The great section of the metropolis, of which Trafalgar square is the center, has not been as eventful as a noisy and minor occasions of popular excitement.

Crowds gathered about the government offices throughout the day, cheering the ministers whenever they appeared, and pressed around their motor cars; the railway depots were filled with army reserves and territorials in khaki, but no flags were flying on the buildings and the great mass of the people went about their ordinary occupations with serious faces.

Two Liberal papers, the Chronicle and the Daily Express, have been closed and are supporting the government. This is believed to have been the first editorial endorsement of the attitude of the government and giving details of the situation in the house of commons yesterday.

Labor Papers Antagonistic Policy.
The Manchester Guardian and the labor papers are virtually alone in antagonizing the government's policy. The Guardian's editorial is a great commercial interests of Lancashire, continue its violent opposition. It says:

"It is merely to throw on the house of commons at a moment's notice and to circumvent the House of Commons, the responsibility for deciding on policy, that has been making for years."

Vacant Bryce, the former ambassador at Washington, heads the slogan of a manifesto, saying the hope that the government has not exhausted the possibilities of diplomacy.

Royal Proclamation to All Citizens.
The imperial order of the Daughters

Cabled Paragraphs

Queen Elizabeth at Queen Elizabeth and Princess Marie left Brussels today for Antwerp.

To Guard Welland Canal.
Toronto, August 4.—Orders were received from Ottawa tonight to detail sufficient troops to guard the Welland Canal locks.

Food Famine Threatens Glasgow.
Glasgow, Aug. 4.—A food famine threatens in Glasgow and some of the stores had to close their doors at noon today, so pressing were the buyers. Prices jumped immediately, sugar from five pence to 12 cents a pound.

GERMAN FLEET SINKS BRITISH SHIP

TORPEDO BOAT DESTROYER MAN-AGES TO ESCAPE.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—A British mine-laying ship has been sunk by a German fleet.

The British torpedo boat destroyer pathfinder was pursued by the fleet, but managed to make her escape.

Several Vessels Undertaking Voyages.
At sea hurrying to ports of safety and few vessels undertaking voyages, the United States government and steamship companies here are co-operating to give transportation to the many thousands of Americans in Europe. The American liner company, carrying millions in gold and government officials, has been ordered to leave the Brooklyn navy yard tomorrow night for foreign ports.

The United Fruit company announced today that carrying 3,000 passengers, would undertake to bring home Americans abroad.

Most of the passengers are filling out three ocean steamships which will sail under the American flag to foreign ports.

British Cruiser Warns of War.
The reason the British hurried into port lights out and several hours in advance of her arrival time, was that the British cruiser Essex had warned the German fleet by wireless to look out for the enemy.

Capt. Herbert J. Haddock of the Essex said he received a code communication from the Essex and immediately ordered full speed ahead. On the last day of the liner, a German fleet of 14 miles an hour, and Captain Haddock was emphatic in his praise of his engine room crew.

Most of the passengers knew nothing of the latest developments in the European situation until yesterday, when the German fleet's bulletin of "war news" based on the very meagre wireless messages received by the Essex.

The passengers upon arrival at Quarantine offered a testimonial to the British cruiser's conduct throughout the voyage.

MILLIONS IN GOLD FOR RELIEF OF AMERICANS.
Help to Be Extended Through Every Influence of Government.

Washington, Aug. 4.—Relief for the tens of thousands of Americans in the war zones of Europe will be extended by the power and influence at the disposal of the United States government. Millions in gold will be sent to the American people in the form of relief.

As a result of the war, the government will send five to eight millions of gold to the American people in the form of relief.

Officials of the state, war, navy and treasury departments conferred today to discuss the relief of the American people.

The transportation problem has not been as easily settled, as most of the steamship lines are foreign-owned and transatlantic traffic is virtually at a standstill.

Canvass of Available Ships.
A canvass of available ships revealed that with the exception of six ocean liners, the American flag is not capable of carrying more than 100,000 passengers each, there are only 30 transports, coastwise ships and other vessels of the United States.

The latter would carry about 7,000 passengers, so that a total of 107,000 passengers could be transported according to present estimates.

100,000 Americans in Europe.
While definite figures are not at hand, it is estimated that 100,000 or more Americans in Europe about 20,000 urgently want to return home.

The money enough to stay in Europe until the second trip of the fleet of American steamers is made.

To Charter All Vessels Possible.
Should more Americans want to depart, the only thing administration officials think can be done is to charter all vessels possible.

Swiss hotelkeepers give credit to Americans.

Confident That When Exchange System is Working Bills Will Be Paid.

Carranza Refuses to Accept Terms

SUGGESTED BY CARBAJAL FOR PEACE IN MEXICO.

ARE REGARDED AS FAIR
Recognition by United States Will Be Withheld Pending a General Election—American Military and Naval Forces Not to Be Withdrawn From Vera Cruz.

Washington, August 4.—Refusal by General Carranza to accept the terms suggested by the Carbalja government for peace in Mexico did not meet with the approval of administration officials here. The conditions set forth by the Carbalja delegates were regarded in government circles as fair and not difficult of fulfillment if the constitutionalists sincerely desired peace and the recognition of the powers of the war.

With Carranza's refusal to arrange for a peaceful transition of the government, recognition by the United States will be withheld pending a general election. Instead of recognizing the provisional government which would have been set up immediately by peace full agreement of the factions, the American government will continue to support the Carranza government.

Secretary Bryan declined to comment on the dispatches from Saltillo telling of the failure of the peace negotiations. Reports that General Villa had proclaimed his independence from Carranza did not surprise administration officials who previously had received reliable intimations of this kind.

Peace might consider terms of a settlement, but Carranza's refusal to accept the terms of the Mexican revolution was a setback.

IMPORTANT SESSION OF MEXICAN CONGRESS.
Discuss Turning Over Government Unconditionally.

Mexico City, Aug. 4.—Provisional President Carbalja, members of congress and representatives of the federal army, met in session at the national palace, discussing the turning over of the government to the constitutionalists unconditionally.

General Carranza, who has been in the city since his flight from Saltillo, is expected to attend the session.

The New York Public Service Commission adopted an order fixing the rate of fare at 15c on all trains from Manhattan to Rockaway Beach.

A bronze statue of Baron Steuben, the drill master of the Revolution, was unveiled in front of the New York City hall.

The Brazilian government placed a contract with a British firm for the construction of a battleship to take the place of the one sold to Turkey.

Ernest Catherine, employed as a machinist at the New York City hall, was arrested today for a charge of embezzlement.

The Royal Yacht Squadron has abandoned the annual regatta at Cowes, the largest yachting event of the season in England.

Frank Parrell, five years old, of Middletown, N. Y., who had been missing since last Friday, was found walking along the railroad tracks at Suffern, N. J.

Corvise Barclay, charge d'affaires, announced that the British embassy which has been in summer quarters at Matherly, N. H., will return to Washington.

Traffic on the Brooklyn Bridge was delayed for an hour when Harry McCabe, an electrician working on the bridge, was struck by a bright train and seriously injured.

Between 10,000 and 12,000 employees of leather and calfskin plants at Salem, Mass., are out of work as supplies of raw material have been cut off by the European conflict.

The Robbins Hotel at Buffalo was partly destroyed by fire caused by a gas leak in the kitchen. The loss is \$40,000 and more than 50 persons were driven to the street.

Clarence Robinson, a convict working in a road gang at Fleming, N. Y., escaped. He had only eight months left to serve in the state prison.

An aeroplane containing E. K. Jaquith, a Chicago aviator and George German, a passenger, dropped into the sea five miles off the Jersey coast. They were rescued by lifeboats.

The hermit of her son has played Mrs. Emma E. Hughes, on Coddling road to recovery. Her life was despaired of and her son underwent three operations for blood transfusion and saved her life.

"Castlewood," the summer home of Mrs. Emma E. Hughes, on Coddling road, Point, R. I., has been purchased by the Savings Bank of Newport for \$30,000. The bank had a mortgage of \$30,000 on the property.

Charles Guyton of Los Angeles was sentenced to 30 years imprisonment for stealing \$100,000. He held up a girl at the point of a revolver and finding she had only a few pennies, he used the girl saying "it was worth it."

Excitement prevailed among the 200 passengers of the excursion steamer Mary Fatten, when a cylinder blew out causing an explosion while passing through the Narrows from Long Branch. The passengers were transferred to the steamer Kensington.

Supreme Court Justice Morschauer in White Plains set aside because of the "incompetent, irrelevant and prejudicial testimony" given before the Grand Jury the indictment found against former Warden John S. Kennedy, who was charged with the murder of John S. Gibbs, the former storekeeper.

Cooperative Stores Closed at New Castle, N. J., Aug. 4.—Some of the cooperative stores and shops here have been closed owing to the shortage of food. More orders for provisions were being sent to the city. In the poorer districts of the city the people are suffering and committees have been formed to deal with the problem of supplying food.

IMPORT TRADE FROM EUROPE CUT OFF

Under Normal Conditions it Averages Many Millions Daily

MEASURES BEING TAKEN TO MEET PROBLEM

Wheat is Piling Up at Inland Storage Points—Great Industries are Beginning to Feel the Effects of the Situation—Export Trade, Which Amounts to About \$4,000,000 Per Day, Has Been Temporarily Blocked.

New York, Aug. 4.—Although the financial machinery of the country is working smoothly today, as a result of the emergency measures taken yesterday to meet the present extraordinary situation, the progress was made toward resumption of the interchange of credits and commodities between the old world and the new.

With immediate financial necessities met, Wall Street turned its attention to the general trade problem, which is more intricate than any other which has confronted the country for a century.

Import Trade Cut Off.
The greater part of the import trade from Europe already has been cut off on account of the seizure of railway facilities in France and Germany by the governments for military purposes and the holding of trans-Atlantic vessels, thereby cutting off the importations here from France and Germany alone average \$1,000,000 daily.

Export Trade a Hard Problem.
The export trade presented a still larger problem. American exports to Europe under normal conditions average \$4,000,000 daily, nearly one third of which is for France and Germany.

The export trade is being blocked, including the one third which usually goes to England. The result of this is that the export trade is being blocked, including the one third which usually goes to England.

Minor Difficulties.
The only occurrences of the day which suggested financial difficulties were of a minor character. A small private bank in the East Side was taken over by the state banking department. There was a run on one savings bank and another bank.

Most of them paid out small amounts to depositors who requested them. The result of this was that the banks were in a position to handle the crowds had no difficulty. Owing to enforcement of the rule requiring depositors to file notices within sixty days in savings banks and thirty days in private banks being permitted to withdraw funds, some of the banks was in serious difficulties.

Although there was no fear of disturbances in the immediate future, the result of this was that the banks were in a position to handle the crowds had no difficulty. Owing to enforcement of the rule requiring depositors to file notices within sixty days in savings banks and thirty days in private banks being permitted to withdraw funds, some of the banks was in serious difficulties.

Little Business in Money Market.
Little business was done in the money market today.

APPEAL TO COAL MINERS
TO REMAIN AT WORK
Pending Signing of New Agreement in Western Mines.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 4.—An appeal to all coal miners of Missouri, Oklahoma, Kansas and Arkansas, to remain at work pending the signing of a new agreement with the southwestern coal operators' association was issued today by John P. White, international president of the United Mine Workers of America.

The action was taken following the closing down of 26 mines in Kansas yesterday. The miners claimed that they had no contract with the operators. Their contract expires July 31.

TURKEY TO REMAIN ABSOLUTELY NEUTRAL.
But Forces Are Being Mobilized as a Precautionary Measure.

London, Aug. 4.—Turkey has informed Great Britain that the forces of Ottoman empire are being mobilized. The mobilization, she says, is a precautionary measure and Turkey will remain absolutely neutral.

In some quarters, however, it is believed that the mobilization of the Turkish Black Sea fleet will attempt to force the Bosphorus and that Russia may even land troops on the Turkish shores of the Black sea and seize Constantinople.

PROVISIONS PRICES ADVANCE 50 PER CENT. IN LIVERPOOL.
Stores Are Being and Stocks Are Running Low.

Liverpool, Aug. 4.—Retail prices of provisions advanced fifty per cent. today. The stores were being and stocks are running low. The local sugar refineries have closed and the stores are unable to obtain sugar or supplies.

Germans Capture Town in Belgium.
London, Aug. 4.—A despatch to the Central News from Amsterdam says the Germans have captured Vies, Belgium, a town with a population of 2,900, situated on the River Meuse, eight miles northwest of Liege.

Jap Cruiser For Chinese Waters.
Tokyo, Aug. 4.—The Japanese cruiser "Yokosuka" is on a tour of the Pacific coast of China.

Canadian Parliament to Meet.
Ottawa, Aug. 4.—The Canadian parliament has decided to summon parliament to deal with the war situation. The date will be proclaimed tomorrow.